## **Possibilities in Body Paragraphs**

**Directions:** Write paragraphs from following outlines. An example has been provided for you.

Jelly Fish Stings

- III. Symptoms (generally clear up in 1-2 weeks)
  - A. burning pain where sting occurred
  - B. itchiness in affected area
  - C. others (possible), e.g.
    - 1. weakness
    - 2. nausea & vomiting
    - 3. muscle spasms
    - 4. dizziness
  - D. sometimes loss of consciousness & cardiac arrest

This outline indicates only two symptoms that will occur. However, there are other symptoms that may occur, and they are all examples.

The symptoms of jelly fish stings generally clear up within 1 to 2 weeks. This condition is characterized by burning pain where the sting occurred and itchiness in the affected area. Other symptoms may include weakness, nausea and vomiting, muscle spasms, and dizziness.

Sometimes, loss of consciousness and cardiac arrest occur.

1)		Lung Cancer	
II.	Causes		
11.	A.	most common — smoking because cancer-producing substances in tobacco	
	1 1.	damage cells in lungs	
	B.	others (possible), e.g.	
		<ol> <li>exposure to secondhand smoke (smoke left in air by smokers)</li> <li>exposure to radon</li> </ol>	
		b. occurs naturally in soil and rocks	
		3. exposure to asbestos (mineral used in buildings as fireproof insulation)	

2) Gout III. Symptoms (almost always appear suddenly & w/out warning) main — burning pain in joint of big toe (usually) 1. (sometimes) in joints of feet / ankles / knees / hands 2. (often) wakes person up at night w/ sensation toe on fire 3. (most cases) affected area red, swollen, hot B. C. w/in 2 weeks pain subsides (maybe) affected area becomes itchy 2. 3. (maybe) skin peels may experience another attack of gout months / years after 1st D. if untreated — can eventually destroy affected joint E.

3)	Tennis Elbow
V.	Treatment — must stop using arm 1-2 weeks  A. mild cases — resting elbow may be sufficient to ease symptoms  B. if problem persists — options, e.g.  1. ice: reduce swelling  2. anti-inflammatory medication: reduce swelling  3. physical therapy: strengthen surrounding muscles  4. home exercise: strengthen surrounding muscles  C. surgery (maybe) — serious cases